

Name: Richard

MATH 200 - QUIZ 7

Instructions: Show your work neatly. You do not need to simplify your answers.

February 28, 2013

1. Find the derivative of
- $f(x) = (\cot(x))^{399}$

$$f'(x) = 399 (\cot(x))^{398} \frac{d}{dx} [\cot(x)] = 399 \cot^{398}(x) (-\csc^2(x))$$

$$= -399 \cot^{398}(x) \csc^2(x)$$

$$2. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\sqrt{\frac{\sin x}{x}} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[\left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{x \cos(x) - \sin(x)}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{x \cos(x) - \sin(x)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{\sin(x)}{x}}}$$

3. Let
- $f(x) = e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}}$
- . Find
- $f'(x)$
- .

$$f'(x) = e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}} \frac{d}{dx} [\sqrt{\csc(x)}] = e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}} \frac{d}{dx} [(\csc(x))^{\frac{1}{2}}]$$

$$= e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}} \frac{1}{2} (\csc(x))^{\frac{1}{2}} (-\csc(x) \cot(x)) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}} (-\csc(x) \cot(x))}{2 \sqrt{\csc(x)}}$$

$$= \frac{-e^{\sqrt{\csc(x)}} \csc(x) \cot(x)}{2 \sqrt{\csc(x)}}$$

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1. Find the derivative of
- $f(x) = \sec(6x^2 - x)$
- .

$$f'(x) = \sec(6x^2 - x) \tan(6x^2 - x) \frac{d}{dx} [6x^2 - x]$$

$$= \boxed{\sec(6x^2 - x) \tan(6x^2 - x) (12x - 1)}$$

2. Let
- $f(x) = \sin(x)e^{x^2+1}$
- . Find
- $f'(x)$
- . (Use product rule first.)

$$f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [\sin(x)] e^{x^2+1} + \sin(x) \frac{d}{dx} [e^{x^2+1}]$$

$$= \cos(x) e^{x^2+1} + \sin(x) e^{x^2+1} (2x) = \boxed{e^{x^2+1} (\cos(x) + 2x \sin(x))}$$

$$3. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{x}{\sqrt{\cot(x)}} \right] = \frac{(1) \sqrt{\cot(x)} - x \frac{d}{dx} [\sqrt{\cot(x)}]}{(\sqrt{\cot(x)})^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cot(x)} - x \frac{d}{dx} [(\cot(x))^{\frac{1}{2}}]}{\cot(x)} = \frac{\sqrt{\cot(x)} - x \frac{1}{2} (\cot(x))^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{d}{dx} [\cot(x)]}{\cot(x)}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{\cot(x)} - \frac{x}{(\cot(x))^{\frac{1}{2}}} (-\cot(x) \csc(x))}{\cot(x)} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{\cot(x)} + \frac{x \cot(x) \csc(x)}{\sqrt{\cot(x)}}}{\cot(x)}}$$

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$$1. \frac{d}{dx} [\sin(e^{5x})] = \cos(e^{5x}) \frac{d}{dx} [e^{5x}] = \cos(e^{5x}) e^{5x} \frac{d}{dx}[5x] = \cos(e^{5x}) e^{5x} \cdot 5 \\ = \boxed{5 \cos(e^{5x}) e^{5x}}$$

2. Find the derivative of $f(x) = (67x + x^{-2})^{216}$

$$f'(x) = 216(67x + x^{-2})^{215} \frac{d}{dx} [67x + x^{-2}] = \boxed{216(67x + x^{-2})^{215} (67 - 2x^{-3})}$$

$$3. \text{ Let } f(x) = \cos(x) \sin(\sqrt{x}). \text{ Find } f'(x). \quad f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} [\cos(x)] \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \cos(x) \frac{d}{dx} [\sin(x^{1/2})] \\ = -\sin(x) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \cos(x) \cos(x^{1/2}) \frac{d}{dx} [x^{1/2}] \\ = \boxed{-\sin(x) \sin(\sqrt{x}) + \cos(x) \cos(\sqrt{x}) \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}$$

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1. Find the derivative of $f(x) = \csc(\pi^2 x)$.

$$f'(x) = -\csc(\pi^2 x) \cot(\pi^2 x) \frac{d}{dx} [\pi^2 x] \\ = -\csc(\pi^2 x) \cot(\pi^2 x) \pi^2 = \boxed{-\pi^2 \csc(\pi^2 x) \cot(\pi^2 x)}$$

2. Let $f(x) = e^{(16x^2 - 17x)}$. Find $f'(x)$.

$$f'(x) = e^{16x^2 - 17x} \frac{d}{dx} [16x^2 - 17x] \\ = \boxed{e^{16x^2 - 17x} (32x - 17)}$$

$$3. \frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{1}{\cos^2(3x)} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[(\cos^2(3x))^{-1} \right] = \frac{d}{dx} \left[(\cos(3x))^{-2} \right] = -2(\cos(3x))^{-3} \frac{d}{dx} [\cos(3x)] \\ = -2\cos^{-3}(3x)(-\sin(3x)(3)) = \boxed{\frac{6\sin(3x)}{\cos^3(3x)}}$$

Alternatively, we could use the quotient rule:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[\frac{1}{\cos^2(3x)} \right] = \frac{(0)\cos^2(3x) - 1 \cdot 2\cos(3x)(-\sin(3x))(3)}{(\cos^2(3x))^2} = \frac{6\cos(3x)\sin(3x)}{\cos^4(3x)} \\ = \boxed{\frac{6\sin(3x)}{\cos^3(3x)}}$$