

BNFO 301 – Introduction to Bioinformatics

Problem Set 4 - Loops

1. Write a loop that says hello 10 times.
2. Write a loop that prints the genome size of every organism, next to the name of the organism. Do the same thing by mapping.
3. Write a loop that takes each letter of a word and prints it out on a separate line. More interestingly, have it also print out the numeric position of the letter in the alphabet.
4. Write a loop that sums the even numbers from 2 to 100.
5. Write a loop that calculates the total number of nucleotides known by BioBIKE.
6. Write a loop that calculates the probability of encountering a given nucleotide sequence (e.g. "CGCGAA") in a genome with $[A] = [C] = [G] = [T]$.
7. Write a loop that calculates the probability of encountering a given nucleotide sequence in a genome with $[A] = 0.3$. The following template may be helpful:

```
(FOR-EACH letter IN "fill-in-sequence"
  INITIALIZE fill-in
  AS A% = 0.3
  AS C% = fill-in
  AS G% = fill-in
  AS T% = fill-in
  (IF-TRUE (EQUAL letter "A")
    THEN fill-in)
  (IF-TRUE (EQUAL letter "C")
    THEN fill-in)
  . . .
  FINALLY (RETURN fill-in))
```

8. Write a loop that calculates the average length of a protein in SS120. Do the same thing without a loop.