Name answers Chord functions #2		
I. Spell the chord as in the example.	II. Give the function as in th	e example.
Ex. V in d: A C# E	A C# E in dm:	V
1. ii° in dm: EGBb	1. F A C in am:	VI
2. IV in G: <u>C E G</u>	2. F# A C in e:	ii°
3. vi in F: D F A	3. Bb D F in F:	IV
4. i in am: ACE	4. D F# A in g:	V
5. III in f: Ab C Eb	5. C E G in G: IV	
6. vii° in d: C# E G	6. F# A C in am:	vi <sup>o</sup>
7. IV in A: D F# A	7. Ab C Eb in Ab:	I
8. ii° in b: <u>C# E G</u>	8. G Bb D in Bb:	Vi
9. VI in b: <u>G B D</u>	9. Eb G Bb in cm:	III
10. vii° in g: F# A C	10. A C Eb in gm:	ii°
11. V in Ab: Eb G Bb	11. G# B# D# in c#m:	V
12. ii in f#m: G# B D# (this chord uses the sub-tonic)	12. D F Ab in fm:	vi <sup>o</sup>
13.vii° in c#m: B# D# F#	13. Db F Ab in fm:	VI
14. III in d: <u>F A C</u>	14. Eb G Bb in fm:	VII
15. VI in a: F A C	15. E G Bb in fm:	vii <sup>o</sup>
III. Solve the following:		
1. Bb is the root of a subdominant chord in a minor key. Spell the vii° in its parallel major key.		
Bb is "4" in f minor. Parallel minor is F major. vii° is E G Bb.		
2. G is the root of a dominant chord in a minor key. Spell the supertonic chord of its relative major key.		
G is V in c minor. ii in Eb major is: F Ab C		
3. F is the root of a mediant chord in a minor key. Spell the submediant chord of its relative major key.		
F is "3" in D minor. Relative major is F. Submediant (vi) is: D F A.		
4. C is the 5th of a dominant chord in a minor key. Spell the tonic six-four $(I_4^6)$ in its relative major key.		
C is "5" in f minor. Relative major is Ab. Answer is Ab C Eb (Eb in bass) .		