

VCU
MATH 200
CALCULUS I

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TEST 1



June 23, 2014

Name: _____

Score: _____

Directions. Answer the questions in the space provided. Unless noted otherwise, you must show and explain your work to receive full credit. Put your final answer in a box when appropriate.

This is a closed-book, closed-notes test. Calculators, computers, etc., are not used.

1. (25 points) Warmup: quick answer.

(a) $25^{-0.5} =$

(b) State the domain of $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3} + \sqrt{7-x} + \frac{1}{x}$.

(c) If $f(x) = \sin(x) \cos(x)$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x} + x$, then:

$$f \circ g(x) =$$

$$g \circ f(x) =$$

(d) $\cos \frac{7\pi}{6} =$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^+} \frac{\cos(x)}{1 + \cos(x)} =$

2. (10 points) Consider the equation $x \cos(x) = \cos(x)$.

Find all solutions x of this equation for which $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

3. (15 points) Evaluate the following limits.

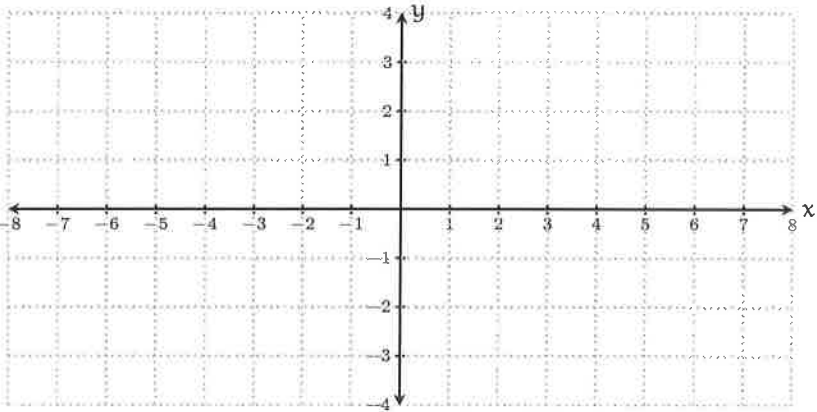
$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(1 - \cos x)}{1 - \cos x} =$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} =$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - 1}{x - 1} =$$

4. (15 points) Sketch the graph of any function that meets all of the following criteria.

- (a) The domain of $f(x)$ is all real numbers except $x = 4$
- (b) $f(x)$ is continuous at all real numbers except $x = 1$ and $x = 4$
- (c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = 2$
- (d) The line $x = 4$ is a vertical asymptote
- (e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) = 1$



5. (20 points) Evaluate the following limits.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{2})} =$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{2})} =$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{2})} =$$

$$(d) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{2})} =$$

6. (15 points) Two functions $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ are graphed below. Answer the following questions.

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) =$

(b) $f(3) =$

(c) $f\left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} g(x)\right) =$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(g(x)) =$

(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x)g(x) =$

