

Name: Richard

MATH 200 - QUIZ 6 ☺

Instructions: Show work and put a box around your final answer.

February 21, 2013

1. Suppose $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

(a) $f'(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}-1} = \frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{2}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{x}}}$

(b) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x)$ at the point $(8, f(8)) = (8, \sqrt[3]{8^2}) = (8, 2^2) = (8, 4)$ Point on tangent: $(8, 4)$

Slope of tangent: $f'(8) = \frac{2}{3\sqrt[3]{8}} = \frac{2}{3 \cdot 2} = \frac{1}{3}$

Point-slope formula: $y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$

$$\rightarrow y - 4 = \frac{1}{3}(x - 8)$$

$$y - 4 = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{8}{3} + 4$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}}$$

2. Suppose $g(t) = \frac{t^2}{t+1}$

(a) $g'(t) = \frac{2t(t+1) - t^2(1)}{(t+1)^2} = \frac{t^2 + 2t}{(t+1)^2}$

(b) An object moving on a straight line is $g(t)$ feet from its starting position at time t seconds. Find its velocity at time $t = 2$ seconds. (Include units in your final answer.)

$$g'(2) = \frac{2^2 + 2 \cdot 2}{(2+1)^2} = \boxed{\frac{8}{9} \text{ feet per second}}$$

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1. Suppose $f(x) = (3x + 4)e^x$

(a) $f'(x) = \boxed{3e^x + (3x + 4)e^x} = (3 + 3x + 4)e^x = \boxed{(3x + 7)e^x}$

(b) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x)$ at the point $(0, f(0)) = (0, (3 \cdot 0 + 4)e^0) = (0, 4)$ Point on tangent: $(0, 4)$

Slope of tangent: $f'(0) = (3 \cdot 0 + 7)e^0 = 7 \cdot 1 = 7$

Point-slope formula: $y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$

$$\rightarrow y - 4 = 7(x - 0)$$

$$\boxed{y = 7x + 4}$$

2. Suppose $g(t) = t^2 + \sqrt{t} = t^2 + t^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(a) $g'(t) = 2t + \frac{1}{2}t^{\frac{1}{2}-1} = 2t + \frac{1}{2}t^{-\frac{1}{2}} = 2t + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} = \boxed{2t + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}}}$

(b) An object moving on a straight line is $g(t)$ feet from its starting point at time t seconds. Find its velocity at time $t = 9$ seconds. (Include units in your final answer.)

$$g'(9) = 2 \cdot 9 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{9}} = 18 + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{108}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \boxed{\frac{109}{6} \text{ feet per second}}$$

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1. Suppose $f(x) = \frac{e^x}{x-1}$.

(a) $f'(x) = \frac{e^x(x-1) - e^x(1-0)}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{e^x(x-1-1)}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{e^x(x-2)}{(x-1)^2}$

(b) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x)$ at the point $(0, f(0)) = (0, \frac{e^0}{0-1}) = (0, \frac{1}{-1}) = (0, -1)$

Point on tangent: $(0, -1)$

Slope of tangent: $f'(0) = \frac{e^0(0-2)}{(0-1)^2} = \frac{1 \cdot (-2)}{1} = -2$

$y - (-1) = -2(x - 0)$

$y = -2x - 1$

Point-slope formula: $y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$

2. Suppose $g(t) = \sqrt{t} + t^2 + 3$.

(a) $g'(t) = \frac{1}{2}t^{-1/2} + 2t + 0 = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} + 2t = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{t}} + 2t$

(b) An object moving on a straight line is $g(t)$ feet from its starting point at time t seconds. Find its velocity at time $t = 4$ seconds. (Include units in your final answer.)

$g'(4) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4}} + 2 \cdot 4 = \frac{1}{4} + 8 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{32}{4} = \frac{33}{4}$ feet per second

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1. Suppose $f(x) = 5xe^x + 2$.

(a) $f'(x) = 5e^x + 5xe^x + 0 = 5e^x(1+x)$

(b) Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x)$ at the point $(0, f(0)) = (0, 5 \cdot 0 \cdot e^0 + 2) = (0, 2)$

Point on tangent: $(0, 2)$

Slope of tangent: $f'(0) = 5e^0(1+0) = 5 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 5$

$y - 2 = 5(x - 0)$

$y = 5x + 2$

Point-slope formula: $y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$

2. Suppose $g(t) = t + \sqrt[3]{t} + 1 = t + t^{1/3} + 1$

(a) $g'(t) = 1 + \frac{1}{3}t^{-2/3} + 0 = 1 + \frac{1}{3t^{2/3}} = 1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{t^2}}$

(b) An object moving on a straight line is $g(t)$ feet from its starting point at time t seconds. Find its velocity at time $t = 8$ seconds. (Include units in your final answer.)

$g'(8) = 1 + \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{8^2}} = 1 + \frac{1}{3 \cdot 2^2} = 1 + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{12}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{13}{12}$ feet per second